# INRIX Data - Uses for Transportation Planning

Tennessee Model User's Group Meeting

Mt. Juliet, TN May 8, 2014





# THE FUTURE OF MOBILITY IS ABOUT

MAKING SMARTER AND BETTER DECISIONS



#### **More Than Buzzwords**

- Big Data
- Analytics / Performance Measures
- The Cloud
- Crowdsourcing



# Crowd: Data Collection Infrastructure?

une 29, 2007: iPhone, You Phone, We All Wanna iPhone

Brian X. Chen June 29, 2009 | 12:00 am | Categories: Business and Industry, Communication, Gadgets



June 29, 2007



#### **Crowd: Data Collection Infrastructure?**



Tokyo – September 21, 2012



### **INRIX Traffic Intelligence Network Free Apps**









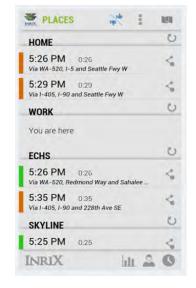




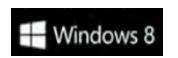


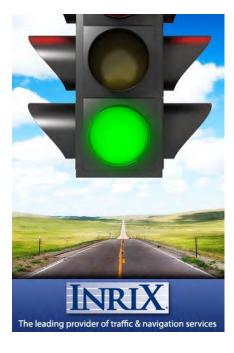












www.inrixtraffic.com



#### **Crowdsource with Fleets**

Long Haul Trucks





Local Sales, Service & Delivery



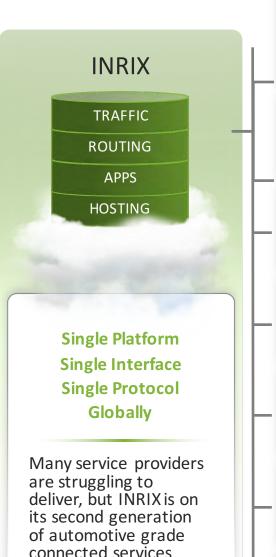


**Airport Shuttles** 





#### **Connected Auto Customers**







#### AUDI connect LAUNCHED IN 2011

**VW SERVICES LAUNCHED IN 2013** 

- Audi was first OEM deployment of TPEG over IP **Traffic Services**
- Fuel & Parking Navigation Services



LAUNCHED IN 2011

- TPEG over IP Traffic Services in Europe and NA
- Off-Board/Hybrid routing
- Connected Driving Services





4 YEARS HOSTING

- Off-board routing
- Voice-enabled Traffic services
- Syncmyride.com personalization
- SYNC Destinations mobile app
- Send-to car





TOYOTA SERVICES **LAUNCHED IN 2011** 

**LEXUS SERVICES LAUNCHED IN 2013** 

- Toyota entune Traffic Services
- Lexus TPEG over IP Traffic and Connected Driving Services in EU





IN PRODUCTION

- Traffic Cameras launched on Mercedes
- Community Parking & INRIX Parking launched with smart cars

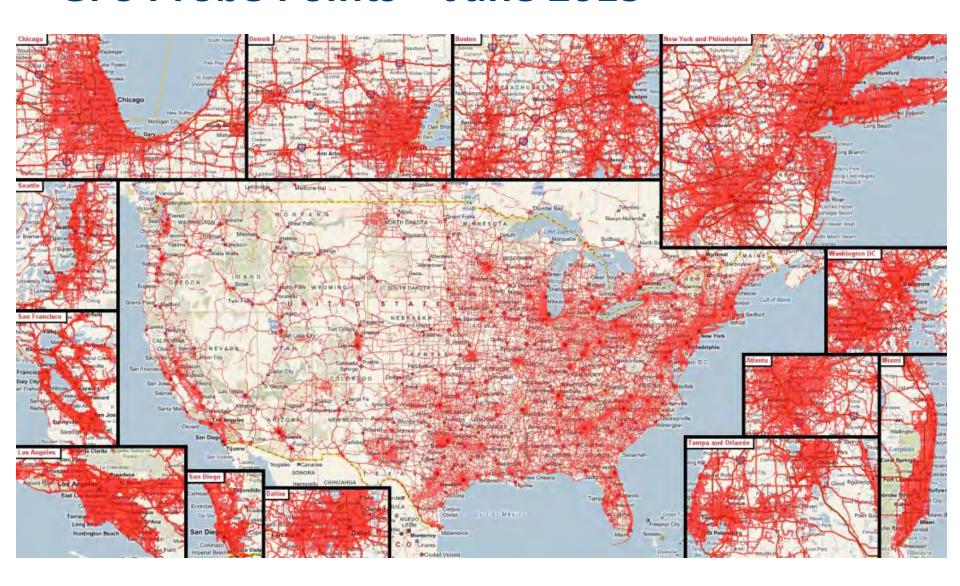


Pioneer

IN PRODUCTION

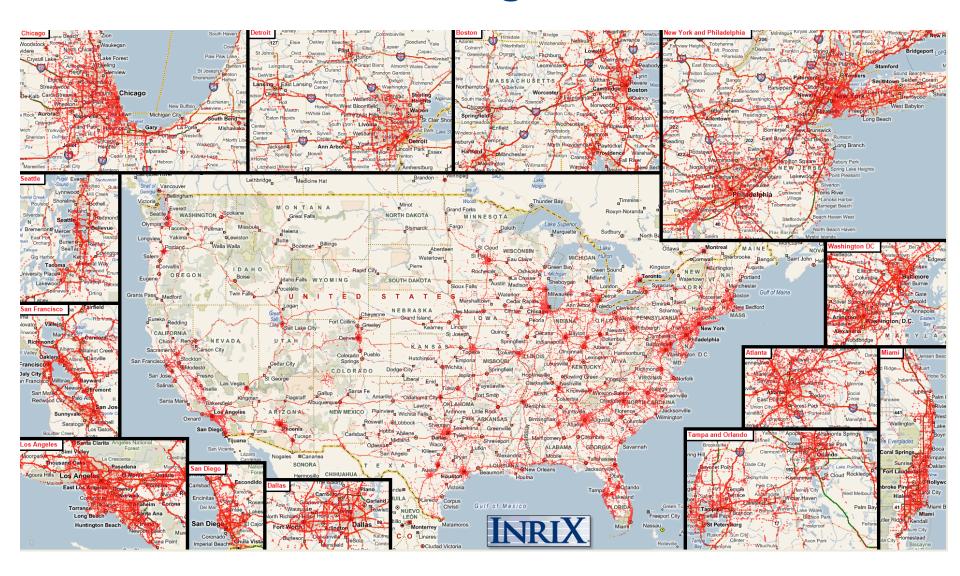
- Garmin TPEG over IP Traffic in select **EU** countries
- Kenwood Traffic Services, Connected Parking, Fuel prices, Weather in NA and EU

### **GPS Probe Points – June 2013**





### **GPS Probe Points – August 2008**





#### INRIX's "Big Data" Technology-driven Platform

#### Above All, INRIX is a High Quality Big Data Aggregator



Consumer vehicle GPS data



Fleet data



Road sensors



**Parking** data



Mobile data



Incident data



Weather & fuel price data



**Event data** 



#### **INRIX** technology platform

- Leverages big data for real-time fusion and predictive analytics
- Advanced crowdsourcing technology
- Cloud-based service delivery for robust customer applications

**Real Time Data** 

**Historical Data** 

**Predictive Data** 



















### **INRIX Coverage – Tennessee**

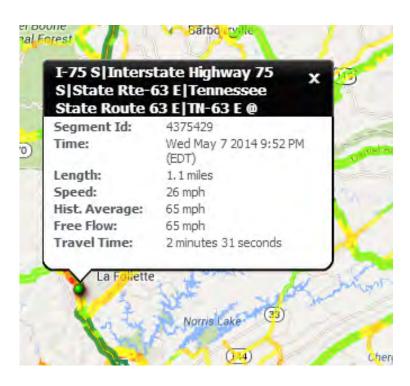
- 11,542 Centerline Miles
- 1.4 million+ miles in the U.S.A. and Canada





#### Real-Time & Predictive Traffic Flow

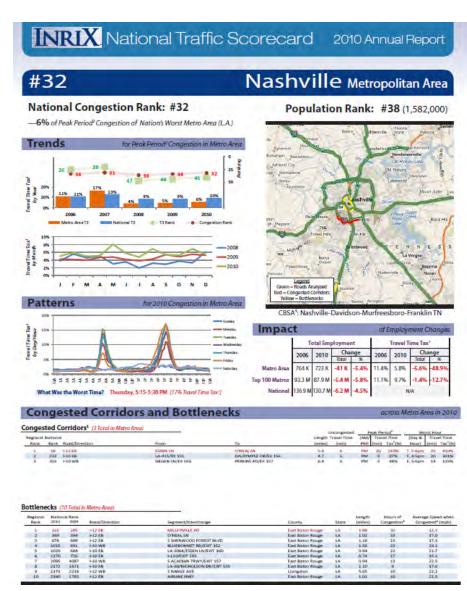
- Road segment by road segment, INRIX provides:
  - Segment information (code, road name, cross streets, direction, length)
  - Speed information (current speed, typical speed, free flow speed)
  - Travel time (in minutes through segment)
  - Congestion level (percentage of free flow)
  - Predictive traffic (speed and congestion forecast in 15 minute increments)





### **Analytics & Performance Measures**

- Programmable queries to create data sets for performance measurement analytics
- Key "out of the box" analytical measures include:
  - Peak hour congestion: assessing and comparing congestion levels from year to year
  - Travel Time Tax: ratio of peak period travel time to free flow travel time
  - Key Bottlenecks: Congested locations with each hour of week that the average speed is less than 50% of free flow
- Plug data into existing analytical engines for further inquiry

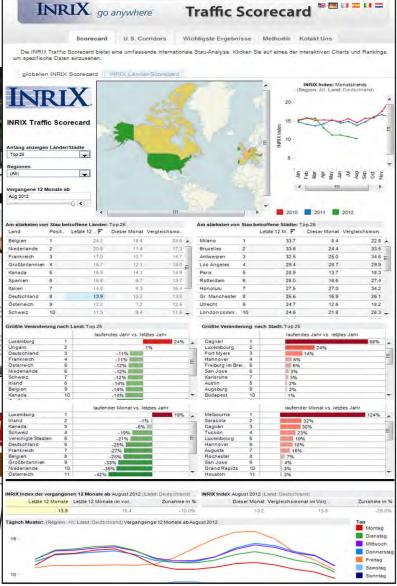




### **Analytics: INRIX Traffic Scorecard**

scorecard.inrix.com







Home

Traffic

Score Card

Analytics

Meln



#### INRIX™ Analytics

INRIX Analytics provides an easy-to-use web portal that enables transportation agencies to leverage our extensive real-time and historical traffic information.

INRIX Analytics enables agencies to view system performance in real time and easily generate system-wide performance measures or drill down on specific corridors and bottlenecks with a few clicks of a mouse. All you need is a web browser to access rich traffic data at your fingertips.

INRIX offers a cloud-based software-as-a-service that includes calibration data, processed information, and analytical insight in formats tailored to individual or cross-agency needs in sub-1 minute real-time, archive, or historical datasets.

Click below to contact INRIX.

Find Out More

#### Benefits of INRIX Analytics

- One-stop shop for traffic analysis data and tools
- No agency systems integration required providing true 'Dashboard-in-a-box' graphics
- Available to any or all agency and extended staff
- Flexible use options to match need and budget
- New features upgraded seamlessly



#### **Dashboard**

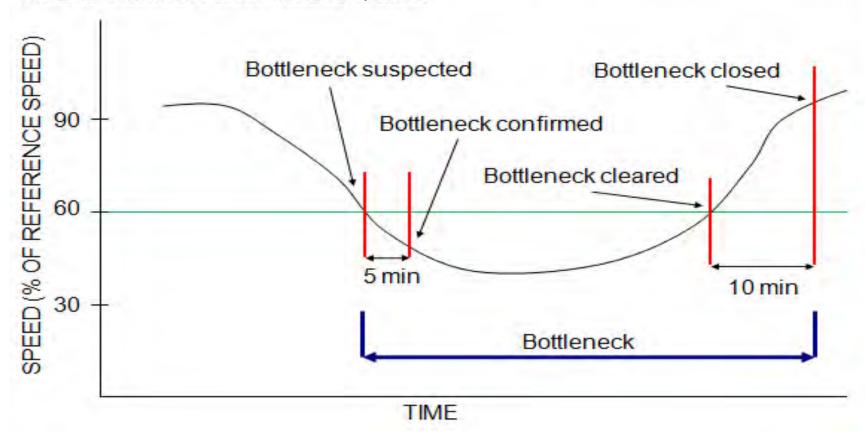


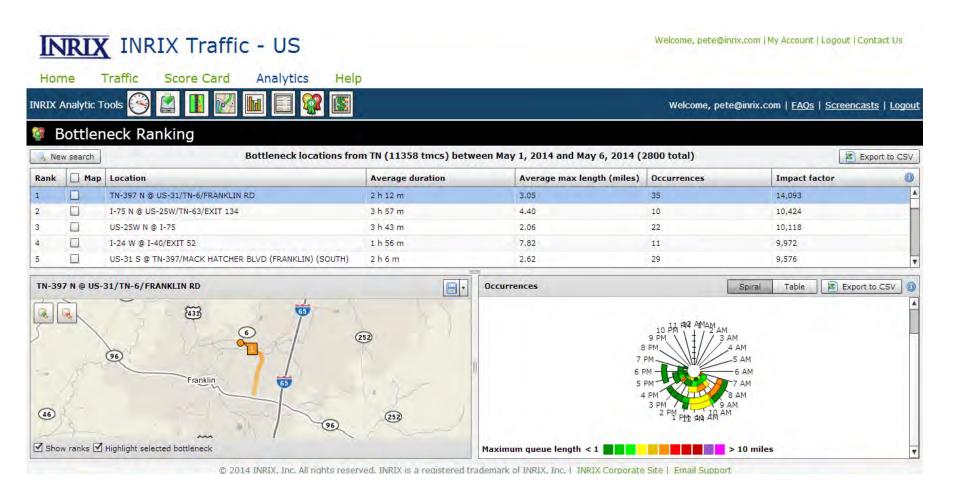


#### **Bottleneck Definition**

A bottleneck represents a single TMC segment or group of adjacent segments in which the actual travel speed drops below 60% of the reference speed for a period longer than 5 minutes. The bottleneck is considered closed once the travel speed returns to a value greater than 60% of the reference speed and remains there for 10 minutes.

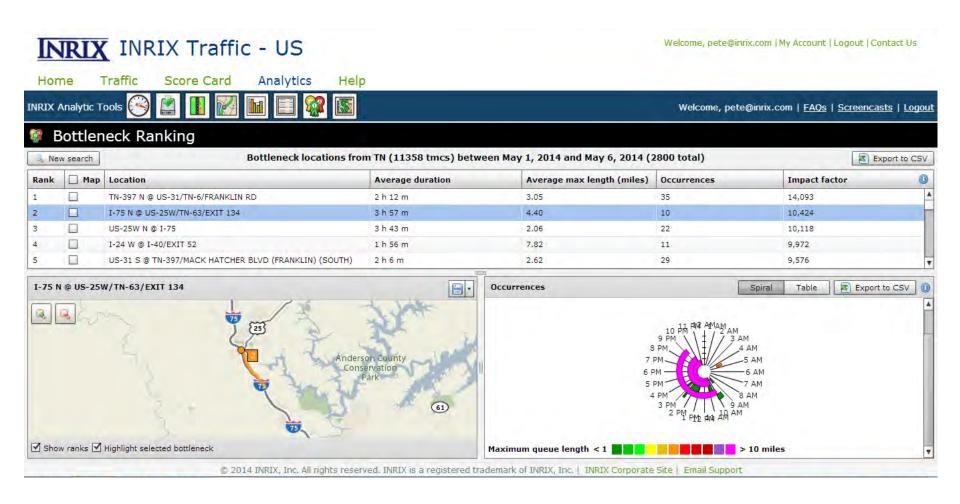
The chart below shows a basic example of the speed over time plot for a bottleneck, and indicates where the bottleneck's status would be updated.





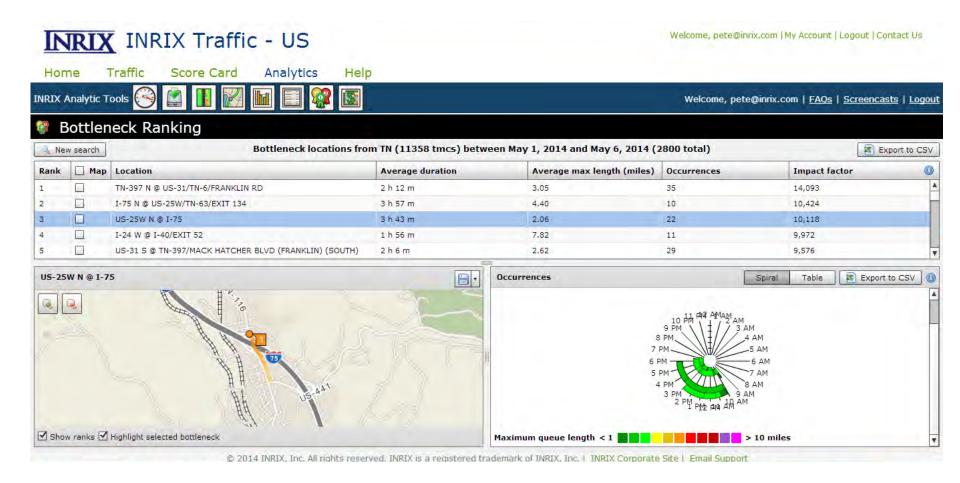
TN-397N @ US-31/TN-6/FRANKLIN RD (14,093)





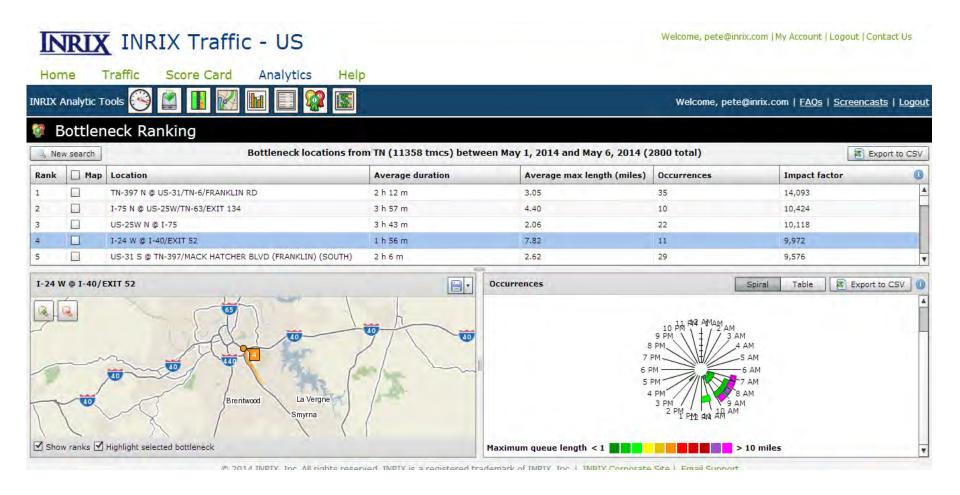
I-75N @ US-25W/TN-63/EXIT 134 (10,424)





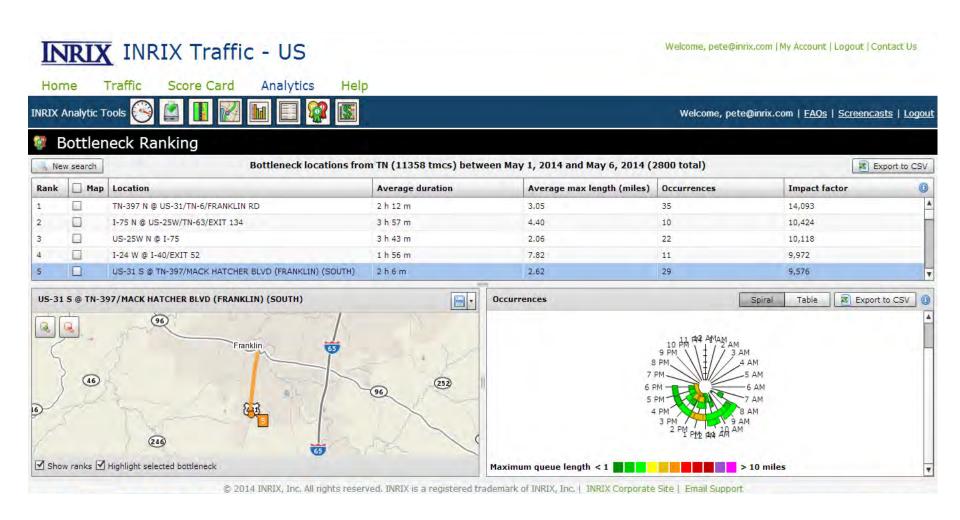
US-25W N @ I-75 (10,118)





I-24W @ I-40/EXIT 52 (9,972)

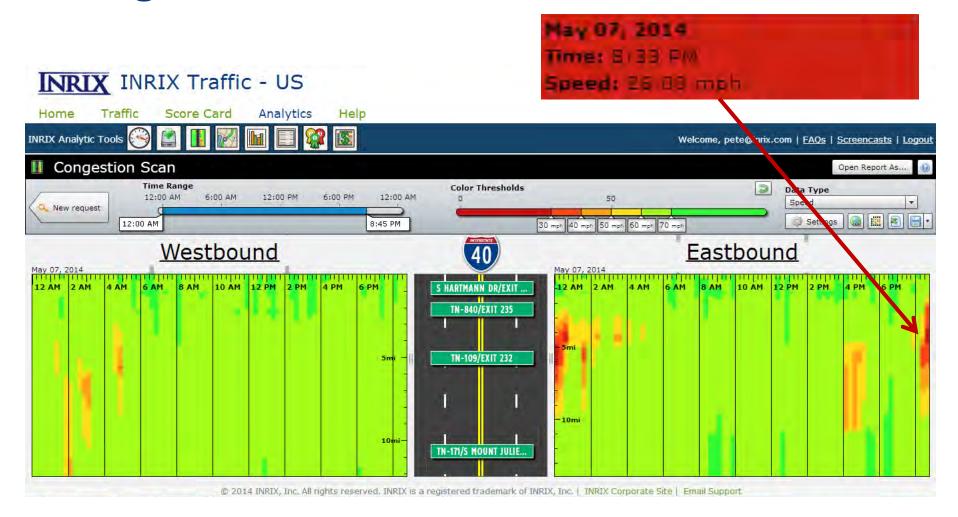




US-31S @ TN-397/MACK HATCHER BLVD (9,576)



#### **Congestion Scans**





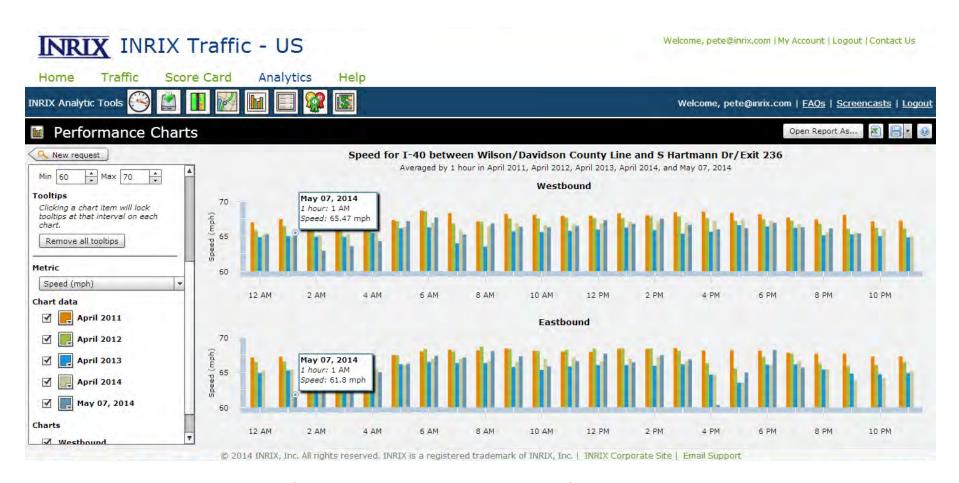
#### **Performance Summaries**



Before, During and After Studies 1 Minute Archive Back to January 1, 2011



#### **Performance Summaries**



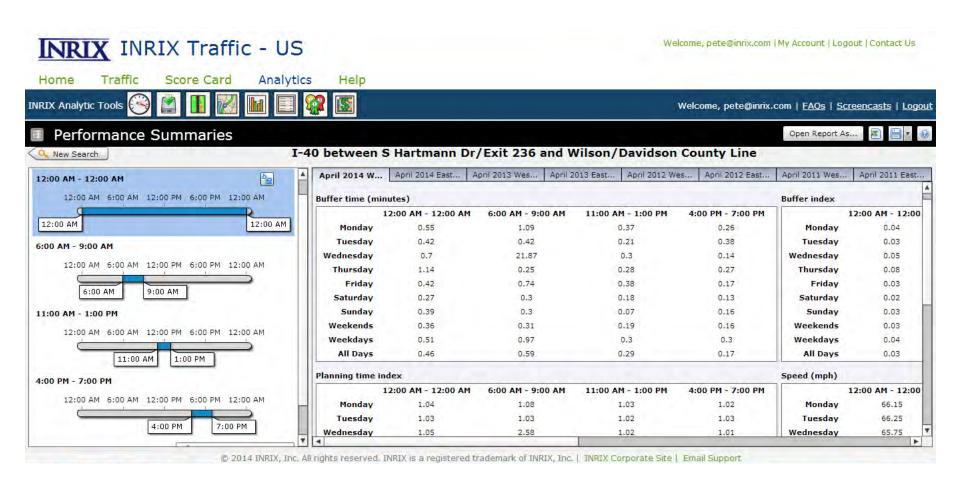
Before, During and After Studies

1 Minute Archive Back to

January 1, 2011



#### **Performance Summaries**



Buffer, Planning and Travel Time and Their Associated Indices



### **INRIX Analytics User Delay Examples**



#### What should I be concerned about with the User Delay Analysis reports?

The volume data used to generate these reports has been extracted from a national dataset for average annual daily traffic (AADT) counts at a segment level. These annual traffic volumes were converted into 15-minute volumes for each day of the average week. This method produced 15-minute volumes that could be higher or lower than actually experienced on any segment; however, as larger geographies are analyzed (corridors, subareas, etc) the results will prove reasonably correct. This national dataset was meant for planning purposes; any analysis that focuses on finite times/dates or on analyses of very short road sections should be approached with caution.

If your agency wishes to help improve the accuracy of this volume dataset, instructions on how to provide better volume data to the University of Maryland can be found here.



### **INRIX Analytics User Delay Examples**

Look at these boxes for examples of the described calculation. These examples will use data for TMC "108-04106" (Harper Ave/Exit 234 on I-94 in Michigan) for the week of January 9, 2011 to January 15, 2011.

#### **Delay Analysis Calculations**

This document explains the procedures to calculate hourly delay and user delay cost for a segment of road. All calculations that are performed are provided with an example.

#### **Adjustment Factors**

When calculating Average Daily Traffic counts (ADT) from Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) counts, daily factors must be applied.

Day of Week	Adjustment Factor					
Monday to Thursday	+5%					
Friday	+10%					
Saturday	-10%					
Sunday	-20%					

AADT for 2011 = 45250 ADT for Tuesday = 45250 + (45250 \* 0.05) = 47512 ADT for Sunday = 45250 - (45250 \* 0.20) = 36200

With these daily factors calculated, the percentage of passenger and commercial vehicles must be applied to the ADT value. If no percentages are found for a TMC segment, use 75% passenger, 25% commercial.

Commercial percent of vehicles for 108-04106: 7%
Passenger: 93%
Passenger ADT for Tuesday = 47512 \* .93 = 44186
Passenger ADT for Sunday = 36200 \* .93 = 33666
Commercial: 7%
Commercial ADT for Tuesday = 47512 \* .07 = 3325
Commercial ADT for Sunday = 36200 \* .07 = 2534

Some TMC segments may span across two or more defined volume link locations, and vice versa (as shown in Figure 1). In order to obtain a single AADT measurement for TMCs that fall under this case, the AADT of the overlapped detector locations must be weighted by the distance of the portion of the TMC that falls into the range of each link location.

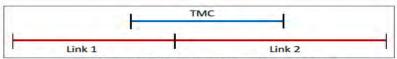


Figure 1: Example of a TMC and overlapping detector locations.



### **INRIX Analytics User Delay Examples**



Thursday, May 01, 2014 to Tuesday, May 06, 2014

#### Report parameters

- Vehicle costs
- o 2014 Passenger: \$16.79 Commercial: \$86.81
- Percentage of vehicles (weighted on segment length) 2014 - Passenger: 75% Commercial: 25%
- . Delay is calculated against the freeflow speed for segments whose speeds fall 20 mph or more below freeflow.

#### Vehicle Type

Display

Total cost

												Tot	al Cost												
	12 AM	1 AM	2 AM	3 AM	4 AM	5 AM	6 AM	7 AM	8 AM	9 AM	10 AM	11 AM	12 PM	1 PM	2 PM	3 PM	4 PM	5 PM	6 PM	7 PM	8 PM	9 PM	10 PM	11 PM	Daily Totals
5/01/14	\$0.2K	\$0K	\$0.4K	\$0.4K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$1,2K	\$48,410	\$32,5K	\$8.4K	\$2.3K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$11.4K	\$38.9K	\$92.8K	\$18.4K	\$0K	\$13.7K	\$38.8K	\$24.3K	\$5.2K	\$337.3K
5/02/14	\$0.4K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$0.2K	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$0.6K	\$38.2K	\$28.7K	\$16.5K	\$1.4K	\$2.4K	\$0K	\$1.8K	\$1.1K	\$10.8K	\$107.9K	\$82K	\$4.9K	\$1.1K	\$7.9K	\$21.2K	\$21.2K	\$7.9K	\$356.7K
5/03/14	\$0.7K	\$0.2K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$0.2K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0.9K	\$50.9K	\$277.6K	\$280.2K	\$294K	\$128K	\$99.9K	\$30.1K	\$31.2K	\$18.9K	\$9.5K	\$1.6K	\$0.4K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$1,224.3K
5/04/14	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$2.8K	\$8.3K	\$20.3K	\$30.3K	\$38.9K	\$40.5K	\$25.6K	\$39.3K	\$14K	\$0.3K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$220.6K
5/05/14	\$0K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0,2K	\$49,5K	\$38.1K	\$3.5K	SOK	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$0K	\$3K	\$29,4K	\$67,4K	\$10.4K	\$0K	\$3.5K	\$5.7K	\$1.5K	\$0.1K	\$213.6K
5/06/14	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$0K	\$DK	\$0.1K	\$OK	\$2.5K	\$66.3K	\$59.7K	\$8.4K	\$0.1K	\$0K	\$0K	\$1,9K	\$3.3K	\$17.9K	\$OK	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$160.2K
Hourly Totals	\$1.4K	\$0.5K	\$0.6K	\$0.7K	\$0.4K	\$0.2K	\$4.6K	\$202.4K	\$159.9K	\$87.7K	\$281.4K	\$285.4K	\$302.3K	\$152K	\$134.7K	\$112.1K	\$247.9K	\$286.7K	\$82.4K	\$16.7K	\$25.7K	\$66.8K	\$47.1K	\$13.2K	Grand Total \$2,512,726.46

Export to Excel

#### Sat May 03 2014 12:00:00

#### Delay cost:

Total: \$293,972,46 Per vehicle: \$118.68 Per person: \$99,94

#### Hours of delay:

Person-hours: 9,323,27 hours Vehicle-hours: 7.851.17 hours Per vehicle: 3.17 hours

#### Volume:

Passenger: 1077 vph Commercial: 359 vph Data validity: 100.00%

Click the table cell to see links to congestion scans

#### **Grand total**

#### Delay cost:

Total: \$2,512,726.46 Per vehicle: \$1,102.73 Per person: \$928.61

#### Hours of delay:

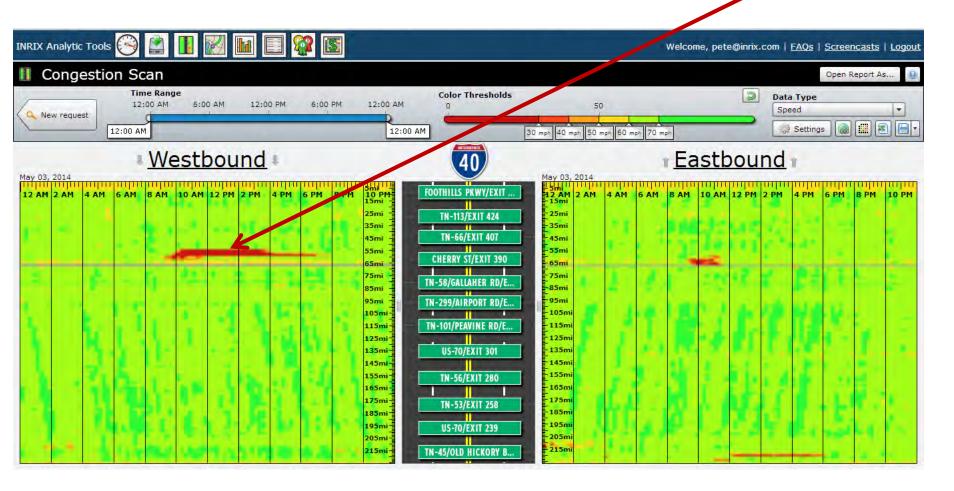
Person-hours: 79,690.54 hours Vehicle-hours: 67,107.82 hours

Per vehicle: 29,45 hours



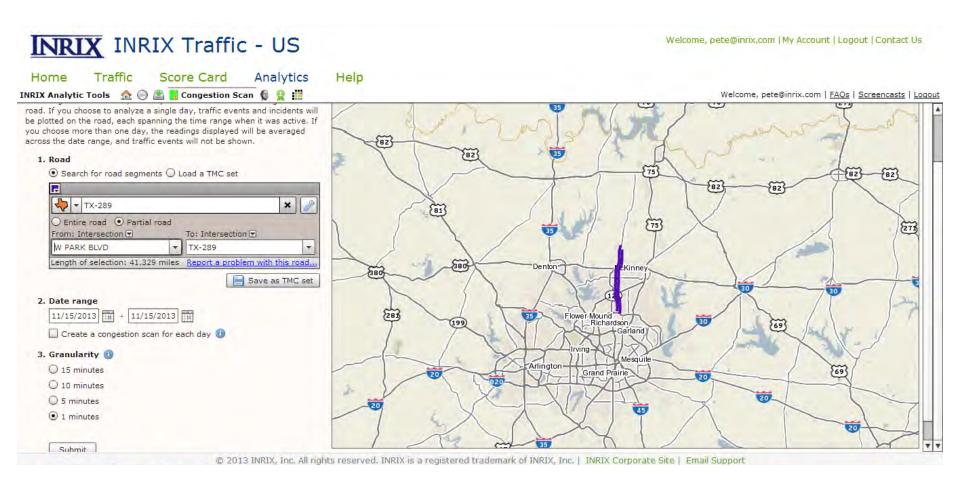
### **Congestion Scans**

May 03, 2014 Time: 12:44 FM Speed: 12.87 mph





#### **Massive Raw Data Downloader**





## File posted to FTP site in .csv format

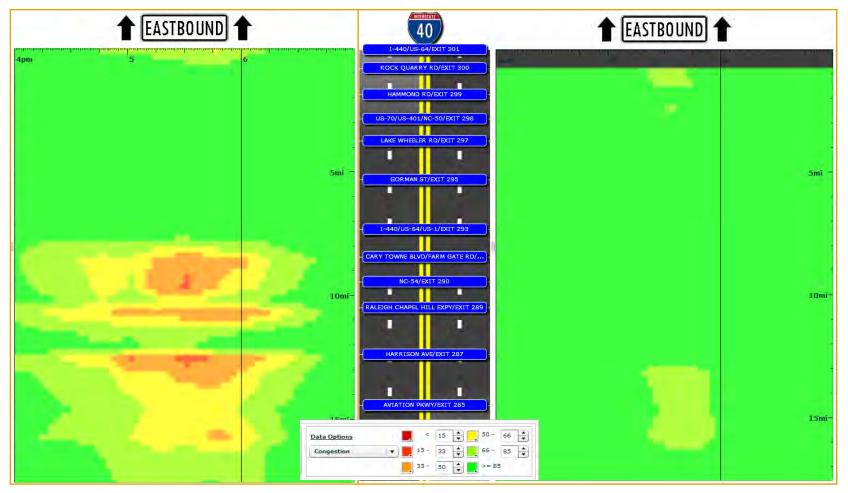
TMCCodo	Time	C mand	Ava speed	Dof speed	TT min	20040	a valua
TMC Code		Speed	Ave_speed	Ref_speed		score	cvalue
110-04121	00:00.0	61.8	60	63	0.8918	30	100
110+04121	00:00.0	20.2	41	65	3.9596	30	99.2
110-04122	00:00.0	60	61	63	0.788	30	100
110+04122	00:00.0	55	45	63	1.1176	30	100
110-04123	00:00.0	55.8	58	61	0.1902	30	100
110+04123	00:00.0	33.8	49	65	1.481	30	87.4
110-04124	00:00.0	55.8	58	60	0.1258	30	100
110+04124	00:00.0	37	45	65	0.4848	30	100
110-04125	00:00.0	63.2	60	62	0.4224	30	100
110+04125	00:00.0	30.6	49	64	0.1982	30	100
110N04121	00:00.0	59	59	63	0.646	30	100
110N04122	00:00.0	58.8	60	65	0.871	30	100
110N04123	00:00.0	59	60	63	0.785	30	100
110N04124	00:00.0	56.4	57	59	0.7278	30	100
110N04125	00:00.0	63.2	59	60	0.2056	30	88.6
110P04121	00:00.0	52	46	65	0.701	30	100
110P04122	00:00.0	34.6	35	64	1.3226	30	100
110P04123	00:00.0	48.2	49	65	0.7698	30	100
110P04124	00:00.0	32.6	50	65	1.2458	30	100
110P04125	00:00.0	26.6	48	65	0.5616	30	100
110-04121	05:00.0	61.8	60	63	0.8918	30	100
110+04121	05:00.0	36.4	41	65	2.3216	30	99.2
110-04122	05:00.0	60	61	63	0.788	30	100



### **NCDOT** - Before/After Adding 3<sup>rd</sup> Lane

Before (June 2009)

After (June 2011)





### **Analytics: Ohio DOT**

- Assessing Performance of Winter Operations
  - Time to return to normal travel after major winter storms
  - Reported as "Critical Success Factor" under Operations
- Assessing Urban Area Travel Time Reliability INDEX
  - Number of hours below posted speed between 5 AM and 9PM





#### **Ohio DOT Winter Return To Normal**

Snow & Ice Recovery Dec 2013

19

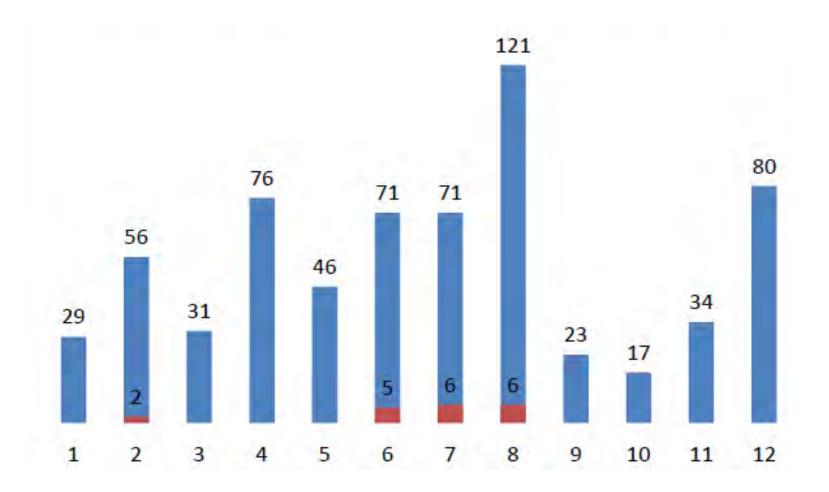
Number of Routes that did not recover within 2 hrs (goal 0)

655

Number of Routes with speed drops



#### **Ohio DOT Winter Return To Normal**





#### **ODOT District 7 Winter Return To Normal**

71 Speed Drops

6
Routes Did Not Recover

December 10th: CLA I-675, MOT I-75, MOT I-675, MOT US-35

December 23rd: AUG I-75

December 31st : SHE I-75

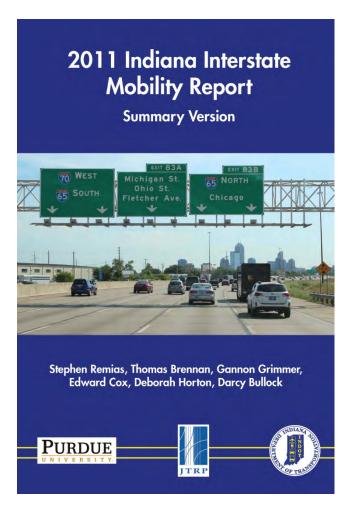


#### **Ohio DOT Winter Return To Normal**

- ODOT has patent pending on methodology
- Contacts
  - Mr. John MacAdam, <u>John.MacAdam@dot.state.oh.us</u>, (614) 752-9695
  - Mr. Merih Ocbazghi, merih.ocbazghi@dot.state.oh.us, (614) 466-1290



## **Indiana DOT/Purdue**



http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/imr/

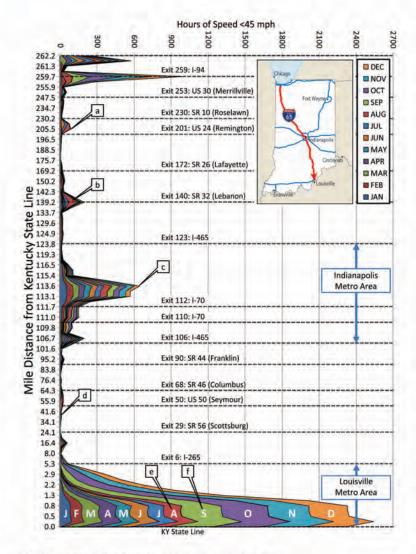


Figure 10. Location of I-65 southbound congestion hours color coded by month.

- Construction work zone associated with guardrail and under drain maintenance.
- Construction work zone associated with reconstruction near Lebanon.
- Congestion in downtown area of Indianapolis. Notice the relatively uniform magnitude of delay for each month. This is an example of recurring congestion on 1-65 inside the I-465 loop.
- Rural segment with minimal congestion.
- Congestion associated with travel to Louisville during the months of June, July, and August was
- On September 9, a section of I-64 was closed resulting in significant diversion of traffic from I-64 to I-65.

#### **Arterial Retiming Cost**

#### **Benefit Analysis using Crowd Sourced Data**





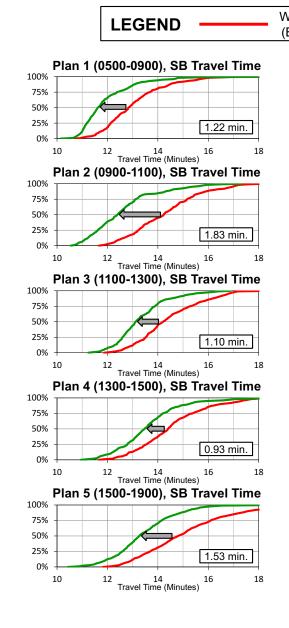


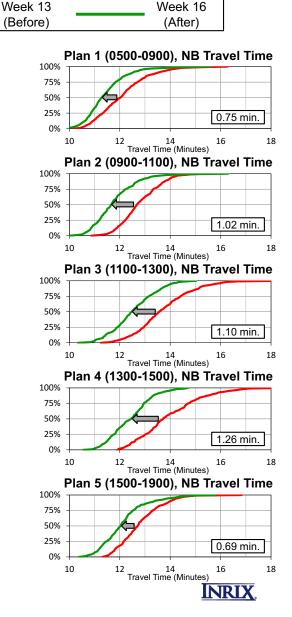
2.90 ro30 ietary

**After** 

Retiming

22 23 24 25 26 27 28

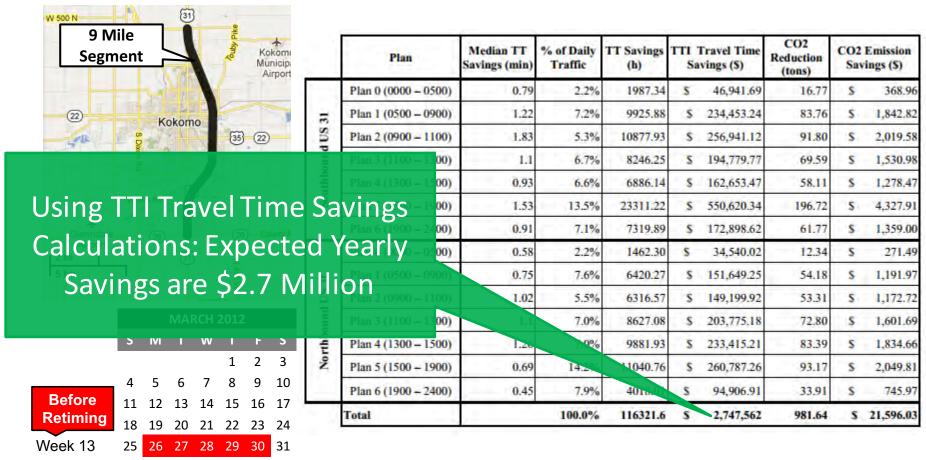




#### **Arterial Retiming Cost**



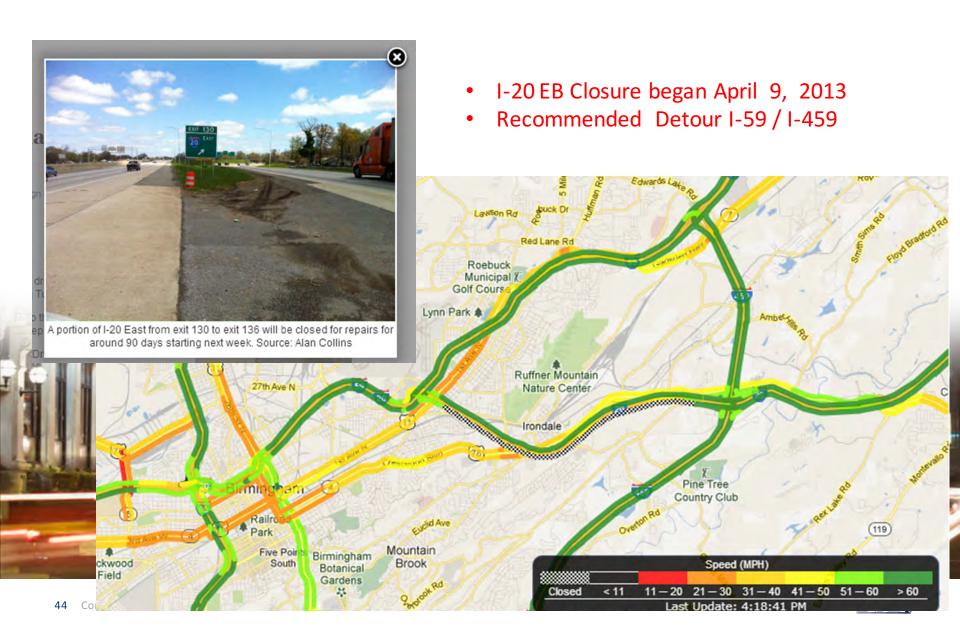








# **Interstate Closure Impact Analysis**



Historic Probe Data Explorer

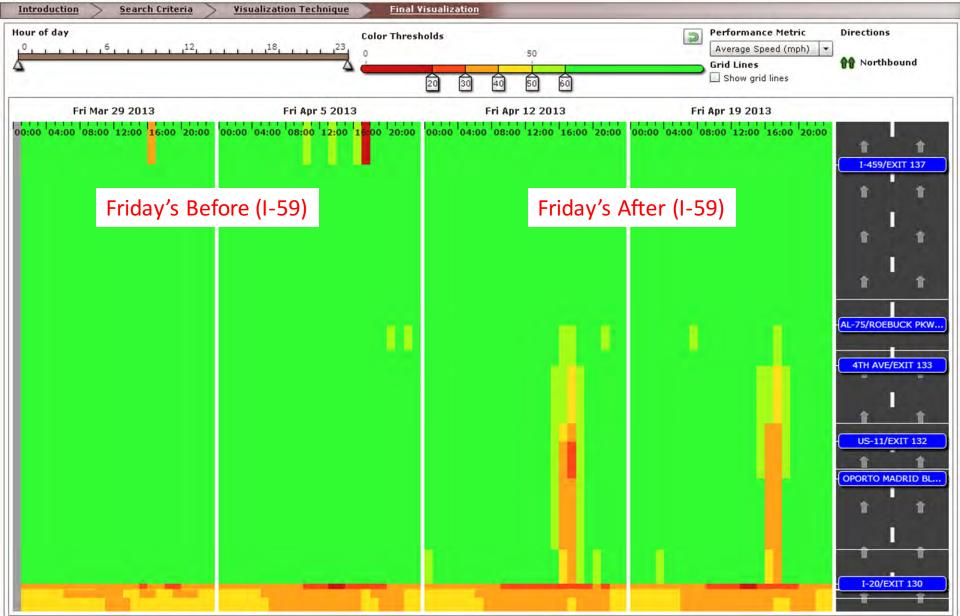
Average Speed for I-59 Northbound between I-59/I-20 and I-459/Exit 137

Averaged for the whole day in Fri Mar 29 2013, Fri Apr 5 2013, Fri Apr 12 2013, and Fri Apr 19 2013



INRLX





### **Traffic Data Segmentation**

Actual Speed Data

Speeds at 1/16 of the length (reference speed=60)

Segment ID: 135012												Segment ID: 135013																			
66	65	64	64	62	60	60	62	61	58	50	42	38	33	30	25	21	18	14	10	16	18	20	25	29	30	31	36	40	42	43	44

TMC Level granularity
 Average detailed speeds, one report per segment

Segment ID: 135012	Segment ID: 135013						

Sub-Segment (1/16<sup>th</sup> Segment) Level granularity
 Congestion levels smartly grouped to avoid striping

Segment ID: 135012	Segment ID: 135013							



### **INRIX XD Segment Fundamentals**

1.5 Mile Segment Length

Most Segments less than 1 Mile

No Overlaps or Gaps



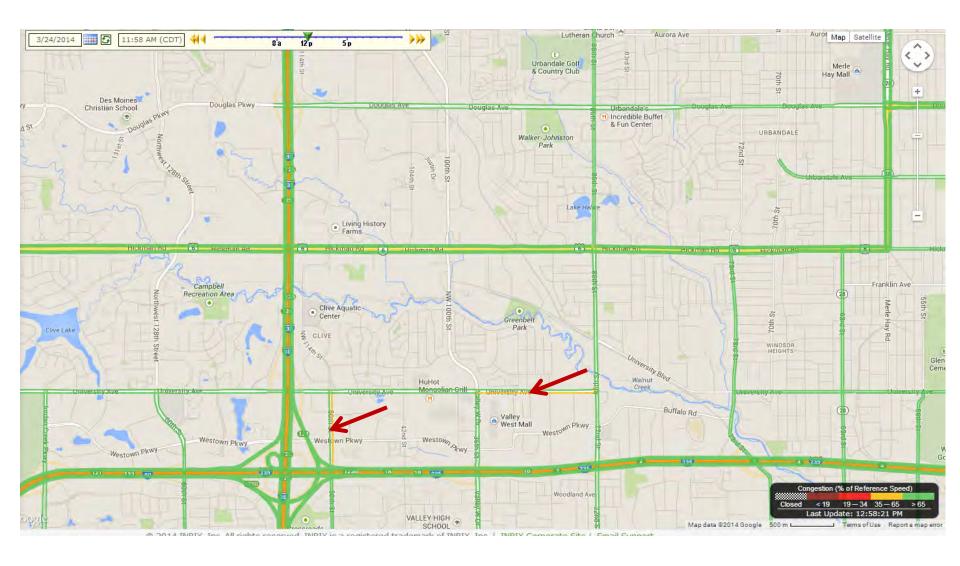
### **INRIX XD Sub-Segment Fundamentals**

250 Meter Granularity

Sub Segment Traffic Tiles

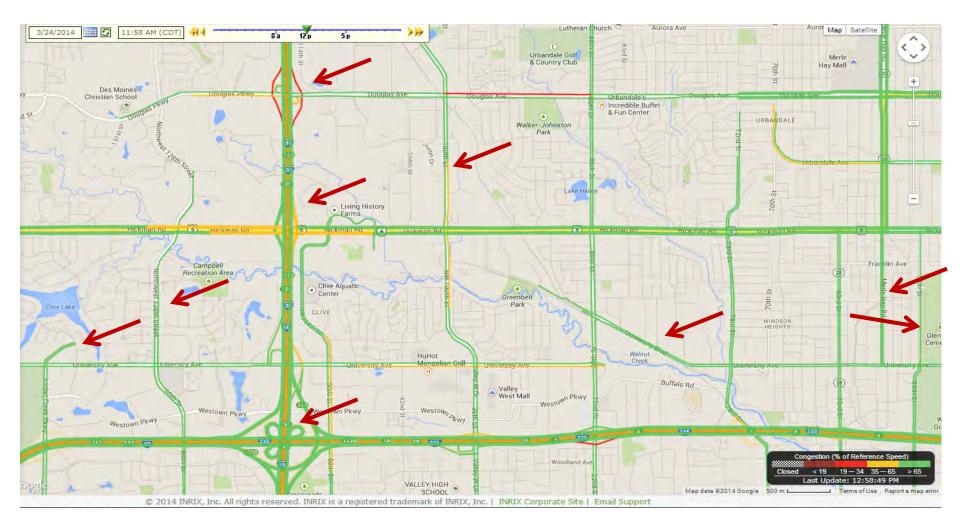


## **Coverage – TMC Segments**





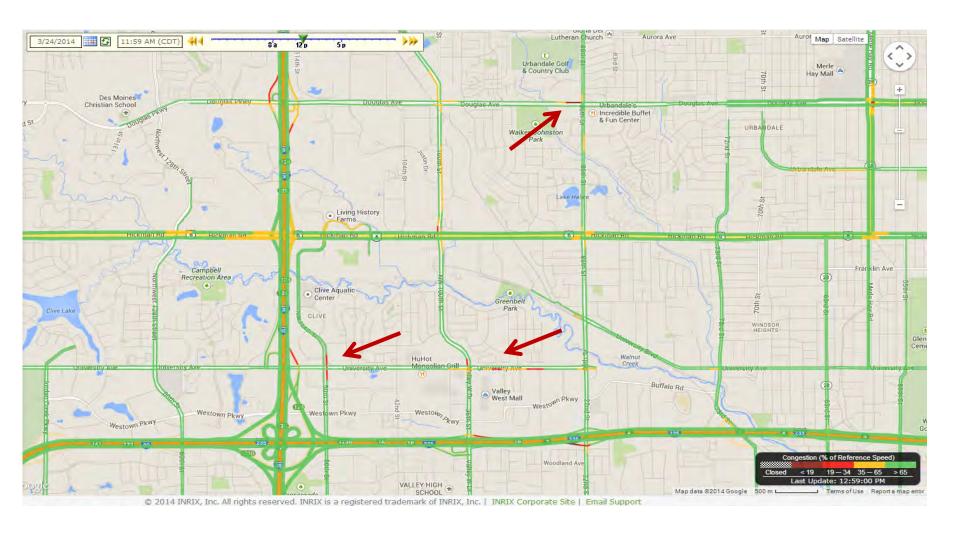
## **Coverage – XD Segments**



Roadway "adder" available



## **Coverage – XD Subsegments**

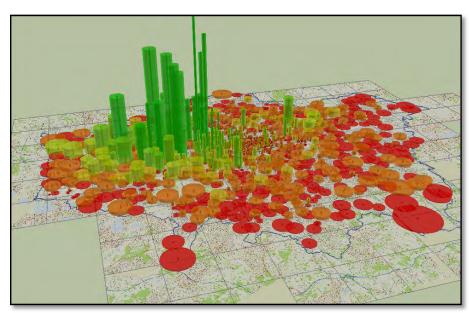


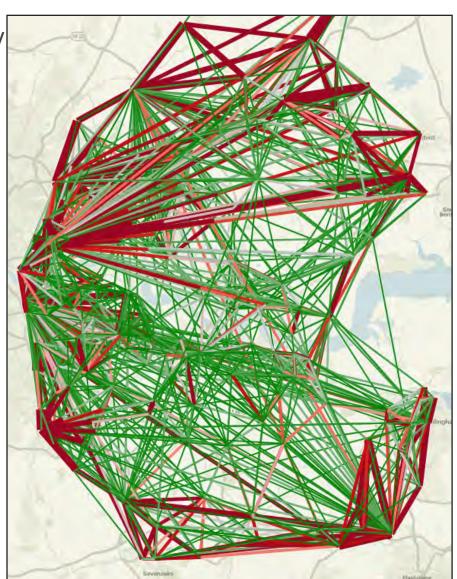
Roadway "adder" available



### **Origin-Destination Studies**

- Origin Destination data, monitoring daily probe movement.
- Built for both Cellular AND GPS data sources.
- Illustrating for a region where its visitors originated, and when that region was in demand.

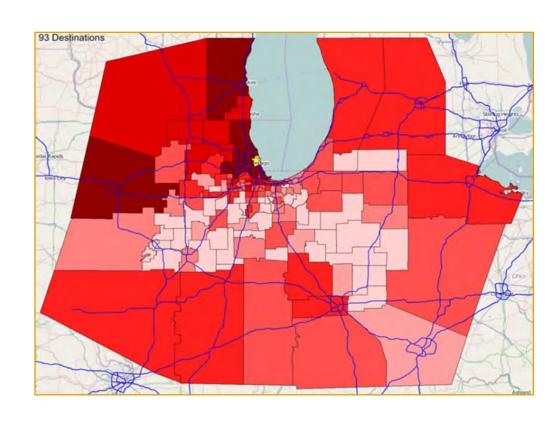






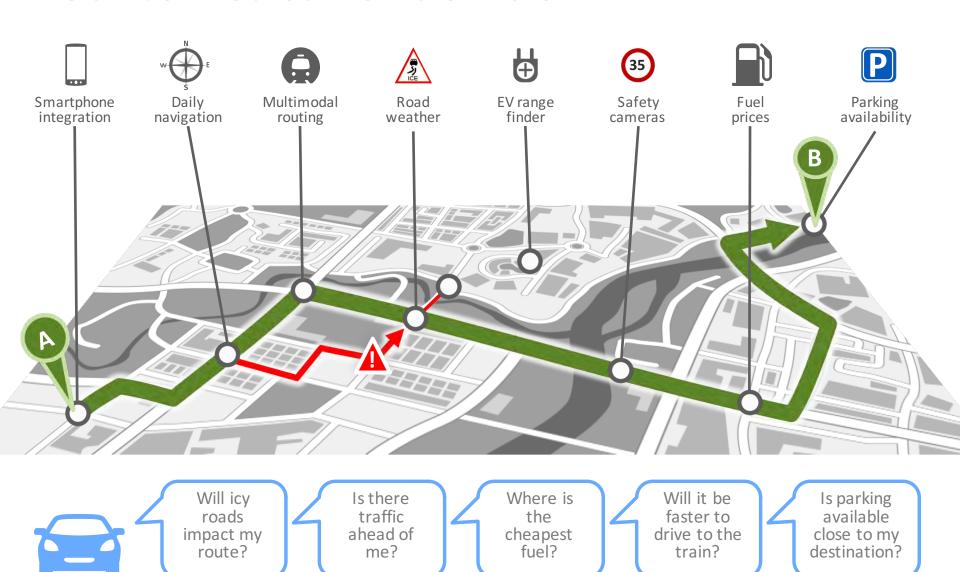
### **Origin-Destination Studies**

- Study Area: Greater Chicagoland Area (154 zones)
- Study Period: July September 2013 (3 months)
- Total Data Points
   Analyzed: ~1.5 billion
- Freights Trips
   Determined/Used: 4.8
   million





#### **Our Connected Vehicle Vision**





### **Vision Zero / Toward Zero Deaths**



LinkedIn Group: Vision Zero for Transportation



# **Thank You!**

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